SPARC Reanalysis/analysis Intercomparison Project (S-RIP)

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- A project under the SPARC Data Assimilation Working Group
- Officially endorsed by the SPARC SSG in February 2012
- Reference: Fujiwara et al., SPARC Newsletter, No. 38, 14-17, January 2012

Motivation

- Meteorological analysis data: Best estimate of the atmospheric state using observations with an assimilation scheme and a global forecast model
- "Reanalysis": An analysis system using a single version of a model and assimilation scheme for a long-term period in the past
- Middle atmosphere/climate community has used reanalysis and analysis data sets
 - to understand atmospheric processes and variability
 - to validate chemistry-climate models (e.g., CCMVal)
 - for trend analyses
- There are currently ~8 global reanalysis data sets available worldwide
- Different reanalyses give different results for the same diagnostic, such as:
 - Global energy budget and hydrological cycle (Trenberth et al., 2011)
 - Brewer-Dobson circulation (Iwasaki et al., 2009)
 - Stratospheric vortex weakening and intensification events (Martineau and Son, 2010)
 - Polar winter lower stratospheric temperatures (Manney et al., 2003, 2005a, 2005b)
 - Large-scale wave activity at the tropical tropopause (Fujiwara et al., 2012)
 - Diurnal tides (Sakazaki et al., 2012)
 - Temperature trends (Randel et al., 2009; Xu and Powell, 2011a, 2011b)
 - Climatology of the middle atmosphere (e.g., Randel et al., 2002; Kishore et al., 2009)
- Depending on the diagnostic, the different results may be due to differences either in the observational data assimilated, the assimilation scheme or forecast model, or any combination of these

 we need to investigate each diagnostic

Available Global Reanalyses

(see http://reanalyses.org for more details)

Product	Centre	Period	Resolution and Lid Height of	Contact for
			the Forecast Model	S-RIP
NCEP-1 (R-1)	NCEP and	1948-present	T62, L28, 3 hPa	W. Ebisuzaki
	NCAR			
NCEP-2 (R-2)	NCEP and DOE	1979-present	T62, L28, 3 hPa	W. Ebisuzaki
	AMIP-II			
ERA-40	ECMWF	1957-2002	TL159 and N80 reduced	D. Tan
			Gaussian, L60, 0.1 hPa	
ERA-Interim	ECMWF	1979-present	TL255 and N128 reduced	D. Tan
			Gaussian, L60, 0.1 hPa	
JRA-25/JCDAS	JMA and	1979-present	T106, L40, 0.4 hPa	K. Onogi
	CRIEPI			
MERRA	NASA	1979-present	(2/3)x(1/2) deg., L72, 0.01 hPa	S. Pawson
NCEP-CFSR	NCEP	1979-present	T382 (T574 for post 2010), L64,	C. Long
			0.266 hPa	
NOAA-CIRES	NOAA/ESRL	1871-2010	T62, L28, 2.511hPa	G. Compo &
20th Century	PSD (*) NOAA-CI	RES 200R assimila	ites only surface pressure reports	J. S. Whitaker
Reanalysis			-surface temperature and sea-ice	
$(20CR)^{(*)}$	distributions	•		

- New reanalysis data sets coming soon (within a few years):
 - NCEP-CFSR-Lite, ERA-20C (and ERA-SAT), and JRA-55 (and JRA-55C)
- Some available "analysis" data sets:
 - Met Office stratospheric assimilated data, operational ECMWF and NCEP analyses, NASA GEOS-5, NOGAPS-ALPHA, etc.

SPARC Reanalysis/analysis Intercomparison Project (S-RIP)

- Coordinated intercomparison activity should be necessary . . . even if SPARC related diagnostics are only considered
- Consistent interaction between data users and reanalysis providers should be necessary . . . to ensure improvements in future reanalyses

S-RIP:

- An activity as the SPARC community
- to create a communication platform between the SPARC community and the reanalysis centers
- to understand current reanalysis products (and to reasonably interpret their differences)
- to contribute to future reanalysis improvements in the middle atmosphere region
- Structure: Preparation team + <u>Scientific Working Group (~10 people; to be</u> <u>discussed in this workshop)</u> + individual researchers/research groups who actually work on specific diagnostics

Possible Diagnostics?

- Region of interest: Middle atmosphere, including UTLS and Stratosphere-Troposphere coupling
- Possible middle-atmosphere diagnostics include:
 - e.g., climatology, interannual variations, trends; BD circulation and age of air, Strato-Tropo coupling, UTLS, events (volcanoes, unstable/stable polar vortex), mass conservation, trajectories, etc.
 - more appropriate diagnostics grouping? (based upon impact on key trace gases that are important to stratosphere and climate; those affecting stratospheric ozone, water vapor, circulation, climate, etc.)
 - need to ensure overlap with the requirements of other SPARC activities (e.g., CCMVal, DynVar, Data Initiative, etc.)
 - the actual diagnostics will be suggested by the Scientific Working Group and determined by individual researchers (. . . but, does this really work?)
 - (not only important but also scientifically challenging and exciting)
- Suggestions of diagnostics from reanalysis data providers/technical experts: e.g.,
 - Transport fidelity (why are some reanalyses better than others?)
 - How can <u>operational satellite instrument</u> (TOVS/ATOVS) data be better assimilated?
 What is relative instrument bias? How can tides be better represented in analyses?
 (e.g., orbital drift) Can we integrate <u>limb and other research satellite observations</u> usefully?
 - How can we <u>correct biases (in obs. & model)</u> in middle atmosphere analyses?

Schedule

- 2011: Discussion started
- January 2012: Proposal article in SPARC Newsletter
- February 2012: S-RIP officially endorsed by the SPARC SSG
- June 11-13, 2012: 9th SPARC DA workshop, New Mexico, USA (there will be an S-RIP session)
- June 25-29, 2012: SPARC workshop on the Brewer-Dobson circulation, Grindelwald, Switzerland
- Summer 2012: Scientific WG will be formed
- 2013-4: 2-3 dedicated workshops on S-RIP
- 2015-6: Write final (SPARC) report
 - Project duration expected to be 3-5 years for the first phase
- Post 2016:
 - additional phases because reanalysis centres envisage a 7-year period between new generations of reanalysis products (we need to establish a continuous evaluation system?)

S-RIP Structure

Preparation Team

(4 persons:

Fujiwara, Polavarapu, a co-chair of the SPARC Data Assimilation (Jackson), and David Tan as a representative of the reanalysis centers)

- reports the progress and issues to the SPARC SSG on regular basis
- makes the arrangements with the reanalysis/analysis centers
- makes the arrangements to form the Scientific Working Group
- responsible for <u>website</u>
 management, mailing list
 management, and processed data
 archiving management
- <u>organizes workshops/sessions</u>
- makes technical arrangement of the reports

Scientific Working Group

(~10 persons:

Members to be considered; Fujiwara and Jackson will be the member)

- suggests the diagnostics and specific approaches of data analyses
- finds the researchers to lead each chapter of the final report and those to work on each of the diagnostics
- edits the final report and makes the reviewer assignments
- gathers all the necessary technical information of the reanalysis data sets for the interpretation of the comparison results

All SPARC-related researchers

- perform the data analysis
- write journal papers
- contribute to the S-RIP workshops and reports



Some pilot studies by subgroups of the Scientific Working Group??? (to show the importance, feasibility, and excitement)

- WG had better have some specific research projects (not just acts like an advisory board...)
- for some key diagnostics for the mid. atmos. and climate
- and/or to pursue new type of science (challenging & exciting)

Some ideas for pilot studies . . .

(some subjects have already been investigated and will be presented today)

- Brewer-Dobson circulation & wave flux
 - How do satellite measurements with very broad weighting function constrain the RA system?
- QBO and SAO
 - Radiosonde winds (not tropospheric wave generations) are the key for RA systems to capture QBO; how to evaluate?
- Polar lower stratosphere issues; tropical tropopause issues; and extratropical UTLS issues
 - Temperature distribution
 - Transport and dehydration/ozone depletion
- Ozone in the RAs
 - Recent RAs assimilate satellite ozone measurements
- Trends
 - Homogenization of the RA time series?

Summary and Current Issues

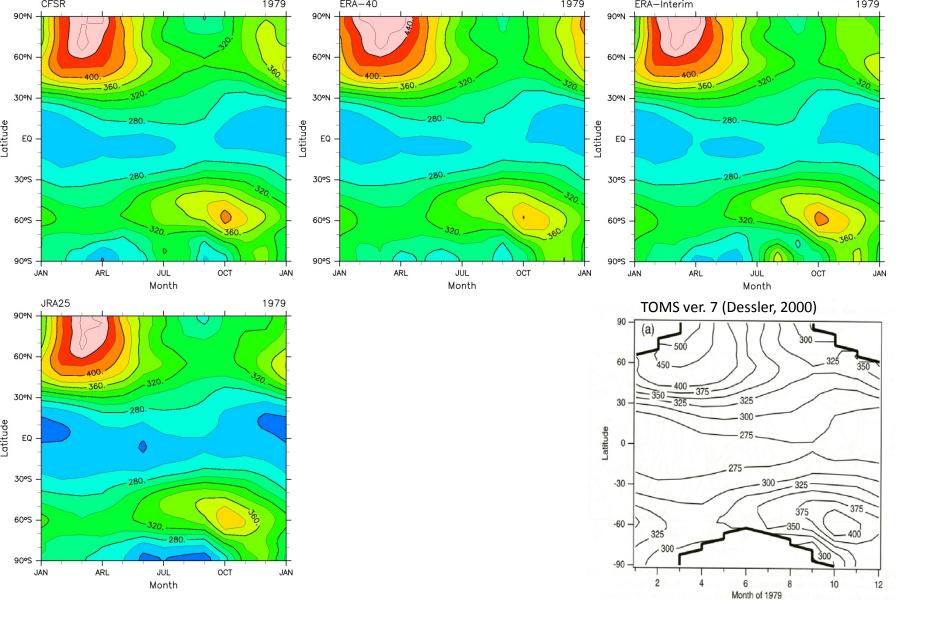
- S-RIP: Toward better understanding and future improvements of the RA products
- S-RIP has been set up; communication with RA centers was found to be very good
- Scientific Working Group to be formed
- Current Major Questions: (for the side meeting, S-RIP discussion, and other opportunities during this week)
 - How to activate S-RIP? How to get people involved?
- 1. Responsibilities of the preparation team?
 - e.g., website preparation, session/workshop preparation, etc.
 - FAQ: data archive specially for S-RIP? (probably no, but. . .)
- 2. Scientific Working Group
 - Membership?
 - Responsibilities? (e.g., diagnostics, guidance, summarizing key information, etc.)
- 3. Some pilot studies? ("S-RIP is not only important but also scientifically challenging and exciting!")
 - By sub-groups of the scientific working group? (WG had better have some specific science projects, not just act like an advisory board...)
 - e.g., residual circulation and age of air; QBO and SAO; TTL issues; polar LS temperature; ozone in RAs; inhomogeneity in temperature; etc.

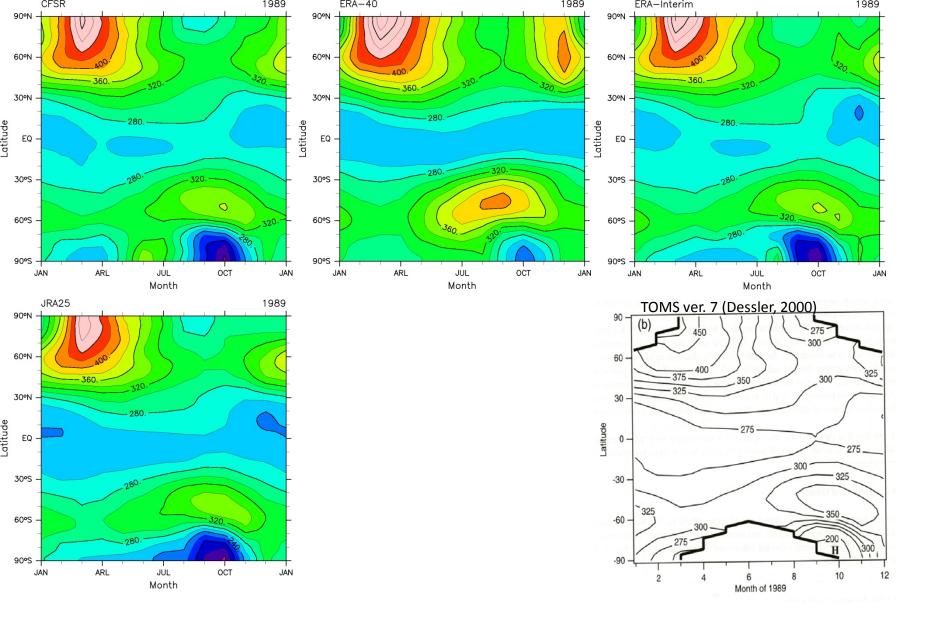
Appendix

Ozone in the Reanalyses

An example for "gathering all the necessary technical info of RAs (perhaps by Sci. WG)

- NCEP1 & NCEP2: (Kalnay et al., 1996; Kistler et al., 2001; Kanamitsu et al., 2002)
 - Zonally averaged seasonal climatological ozone used in the radiation computation (In NCEP2, the latitudinal orientation was reversed north to south)
- **ERA-40**: (Uppala et al., 2005; Dethof and Holm, 2004)
 - TOMS and SBUV ozone <u>retrievals</u> (not radiance) are assimilated (1978-). Ozonesondes not assimilated.
 - Ozone in the ECMWF model is described by a tracer transport equation including a parametrization of photochemical sources and sinks
 - The ozone climatology is used in the radiation calculations of the forecast model.
- **ERA-Interim**: (Dee et al., 2011; Dragani, 2011)
 - TOMS, SBUV, GOME (1996-2002), MIPAS (2003-2004), SCIAMACHY (2003-), MLS (2008-), OMI (2008-) are assimilated.
 SAGE, HALOE, and POAM are not assimilated.
 - Ozone model and radiation calculations are basically the same as ERA-40.
- JRA-25: (Onogi et al., 2007)
 - Ozone observations are not assimilated directly.
 - Daily ozone distribution is in advance using a CTM by MRI with "nudging" to the satellite total ozone measurements and provided to the forecast model (the radiative part).
- MERRA: (Rienecker et al., 2011)
 - SBUV2 ozone (version 8 retrievals) is assimilated for Oct 1978–present.
 - The MERRA AGCM uses the analyzed ozone generated by the DAS. (cf. a climatology for aerosol)
- **NCEP-CFSR**: (Saha et al., 2010)
 - SBUV profiles and total ozone <u>retrievals</u> are assimilated (but not bias-adjusted; should not be used for trend detection)
 - Prognostic ozone with climatological production and destruction terms computed from 2D chemistry models (for radiation parameterization)
- <u>20CR</u>: (Compo et al., 2011)
 - Ozone observations not assimlated. The ozone treatment for radiative calculations is similar to NCEP-CFSR.





No observations (SBUV, TOMS) during the polar night. ERA-40 in southern hemisphere midlatitudes?

Discussion, Suggestions, etc.

Side meeting discussion: Summary (1)

Website

- Server: Hokkaido Univ., then move to SPARC data centre?
- Data info (each site; basic info, e.g., grid, period, format; tracking/changes info)
- Format conversion info (and softwares)
- Links to, e.g., reanalyses.org; NCAR data archive site, etc.
- Data archive (analyzed data used in the figures of the report) (see CCMVal)
- Archive of data processing/analysis programs in Fortran etc.
- Wiki should be installed for communication

Side meeting discussion: Summary (2)

- Working Group
 - Suggests processes first, and then the relevant diagnostics
 - Chapters of the final report
 - 1: Summary of the RA system info including obs data assimilated
 - 2-: Starting with simple fields (or "big picture"), i.e., temperature, winds, wave fluxes, ozone, etc.
 - Goal: evaluate specific diagnostic/region in each RA (Not just "this RA is good and that RA is bad")
 - Intercomparison is valuable even if we have no direct/independent observations/validation info (e.g., BD circulation)
 - Member: should include people from each RA center (not just contact persons?)
 - Should hold a planning workshop (a big conference? gathering people from both SPARC and RA communities) to discuss the processes and diagnostics (in the beginning or at some point?)
 - →Start small, and evolve to the ideal state
 - → We need a small group to discuss in detail i.e., a WG with ~10 people

S-RIP discussion: Summary

- Summarized the side meeting discussion during the lunch time
- One chapter discussing why reanalyses cannot be used for trend studies
 - Discontinuity issues are summarized
- No-satellite-assimilation experiments would be very useful
 - JRA and ECMWF are preparing for this
 - We make some specific recommendations for such experiments?
- Put codes/algorithms for intercomparing specific diagnostics on the website to facilitate S-RIP
- WG will communicate through emails and telecon (e.g., webex, skype)
- WG members:
 - Gloria Manney (NWRA/New Mexico Tech, USA)
 - Sean Davis (NOAA/ESRL, USA)
 - Yulia Zyulyaeva (P.P.Shirshov Institute of Oceanography, Russia)
 - Simon Chabrillat (Belgian Institute of Space Aeronomy, Belguim)
 - Craig Long (NOAA/NCEP, USA)
 - David Jackson (Met Office, UK)
 - Masatomo Fujiwara (Hokkaido University, Japan)
 - Fujiwara will talk to some more people at BDC workshop (e.g., Kicki Krueger, Susann Tegtmeier, Thomas Birner, Michaela Hegglin)

Wrap up, etc. of the DA workshop: S-RIP related notes

- "Vertical Resolution Project" proposed by Marv Geller
 - Sensitivity to vertical (and horizontal) resolution of models: QBO downward propagation, deep convection, extratropical tropopause and tropopause inversion layer, etc.
 - \rightarrow relevant to S-RIP?
- S-RIP workshop or DA+S-RIP workshop?
 - Should be connected with another SPARC-related meeting for easier participation
- S-RIP Planning Workshop should be held as soon as possible (e.g., April in UK?; autumn this year is too early to organize)
 - → will be discussed within the S-RIP WG

